

# Power Exchange: Products |Operations Kathmandu | 23rd July 2019



## In this presentation



- Exchange Products & Operations
- **Exchange Snapshot**
- □ Cross Border Electricity Trade
  - International Scenario & SAARC Status
- □ Way Forward

# EXCHANGE PRODUCTS & OPERATIONS

3

## **Key Functions**



#### Trading

- Bid accumulation
- Calculation of Provisional result
- Publishing provisional results
- Calculation of Final result ( with technical constraints)
- Publishing final results
- Publishing Daily
   Obligation reports

#### Surveillance

- Round the clock
- Checking of Collateral

 $\checkmark$ 

- Checking of Permissible Quantity as per NoC & Margins
- Deviation from Bidding Pattern
- Daily MIS reporting
   Real time support to members

#### Clearing

Pre-Trade Margin Check
 Post Trade Margin Call
 Daily Obligation
 settlement
 Pay In

Pay Outs

Risk Management Bank Reconciliation of Settlements Accounts Daily NLDC/SLDC charges Payment

#### Delivery

- Update NoC
- Calculation of transmission capacity requirement between various points based on market clearing volume
- Interaction with NLDC for transmission capacity availability
- Market splitting in case of transmission congestion
- Delivery schedule for every portfolio
- Scheduling with SLDCs
- Member communication for schedule and trade related reports
- Monthly and weekly reporting to various organizations such as CERC & S/O
- Monthly REA data verification
- Real Time Congestion Management

- ✓ Over 3 Lakh contracts traded
- ✓ All activities performed for 1200-1500 portfolio daily
- ✓ Precision and adherence to timelines

### IEX Market Segments



Day-Ahead Market since June,08	<ul> <li>Delivery <u>for next day</u></li> <li>Price discovery: Closed , Double-sided Auction</li> </ul>	
Intraday Market & Day- Ahead Contingency Round the clock since Jul'15	<ul> <li>Intraday: For Delivery within the same day</li> <li>Day Ahead Contingency: Another window for next day</li> <li>Gate closure : 2.5 hours</li> </ul>	
Term-Ahead Contracts since Sep'09	<ul> <li>For delivery <u>up to 11 days</u></li> <li>Daily Contracts, Weekly Contracts</li> </ul>	
Renewable Energy Certificates since Feb'11	<ul> <li>Green Attributes as Certificates</li> <li>Sellers : RE generators not under feed in tariffs</li> <li>Buyers: Obligated entities; 1MWh equivalent to 1 REC</li> </ul>	
<b>Energy Saving Certificates</b> since 27th Sept'17	• <b>1 ESCert = 1 mtoe</b> (metric Tonne of Oil Equivalent)	
<b>V</b> Auction	Continuous	
	5	

# DAY AHEAD MARKET

## **Features of Day Ahead Market**



The intersection between the aggregated sale and purchase curves defines the market clearing price (MCP)

13 Bid Area defined

Congestion Management through market splitting and determining Area Clearing Price (ACP) specific to an area

Bid types: Portfolio Orders or Block Orders

Minimum Bid=Re.1 for 0.1MWh

Minimum Price & Volume Step = 0.1 \* 0.1 MWh



## **DAM Trading Process**





\*Timeline is based on IST

# Matching: Model Price Calculation Algorithm (Example for a sample 15-min- single bids)



9



#### Off-Peak- 4:45Hrs-5:00Hrs

Peak- 18:45Hrs-19:00Hrs



#### DAM Market Snapshot 06 June 2019





## **IEX Daily Price Trend for June**

MCP (Rs/KWh)



#### **IEX Monthly Avg Price Trend**





# Offering trading option with high flexibility

### **Duration Flexibility**

- Bidding for 15 min time block basis
- Bidding options:
  - Single time block I Round The clock I

Custom Time block : Uniform & Non Uniform

## **Volume Flexibility**

- Bidding possible for any volume > 0.1 MW
- Bidding Options:
  - Single Bid
    - Participant can enter multiple Price-Quantity pair for any/all time blocks.
    - Partial selection possible
  - Block Bid
    - To avoid partial and non uniform clearing , participants can enter Block Bid
    - Any set of time blocks with uniform volume to be selected on "All or None" principle
    - Different Block bid can be linked as "Mother-Child". (Child bid is selected only if Mother bid selected)
- Pump storage power plant can be operate on this model by creating separate block bid for Pumping & Generation.
- Few other hybrid bid options are under development like flexible Block Bid

## **Single Bid Concept**





## **DAM-Single Bid**

ADMIN



File	Contro	DAM	View Too	ols Windo	w Help														18	: 4  :   4
📫 S	ingle BI	D																		-
Delh	ery Date	: 13 Jul	2012 💌 A	sset : IND	IA 👻 Part	ticipant : * 🛙	N2DL0[EX0000	×	User : * 📧	X01 👻	Auto BID	Profile :	*	•	Load	]				
BID	Area : 🍍	N2 -	Portfolio : *	N2DL0A8	BC0001		ABC 👻		Fetch	Clear	Submit									
		1	2	3		4	5 6	;	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18 ^
	Perio	bd	0	2000	2001	4000	4001	4999	5000	6000	6001	20000								
	00:30 - (	00:45	50.0	50.0	0.0							0.0								
	00:45 - (	01:00	50.0	50.0	0.0							0.0								
	01:00 - (	01:15																		
	01:15 - (	01:30	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	0.0					0.0								
	01:30 - (	01:45	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	0.0					0.0								
Þ	01:45 - (	02:00	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	0.0					0.0								
	02:00 - (	02:15	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0	0.0					0.0								
н.	02:15 - (	02:30																		
	02:30 - 0	02:45																		
н.	02:45 - (	03:00																		
	03:00 - (	03:15	0.0					0.0	-25.0			-25.0								
н.	03:15 - (	03:30	0.0					0.0	-25.0			-25.0								
	03:30 - (	03:45	0.0					0.0	-25.0			-25.0								
н.	03:45 - (	04:00	0.0					0.0	-25.0			-25.0								
	04:00 - 0	04:15																		
н.	04:15 - 0	04:30	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
	04:30 - 0	04:45	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
HL.	04:45 - 0	05:00	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
	05:00 - 0	05:15	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
H.	05:15 - 0	05:30	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
	05:30 - 0	05:45	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
H.	05:45 - 0	06:00	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
	06:00 - 0	06:15	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
H.	06:10 - 0	06:30	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
	06:45 - 0	07-00	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
H.	07:00 - 0	07-15	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
	07:15 - 0	07:30	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
	07:30 - 4	07:45	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
	07:45 - 0	08:00	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0	0.0	0.0								
	SUN	N	1400.0	1520.0	1320.0	1320.0	1020.0	1020.0	920.0	900.0	0.0	-100.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0 0	.0 0.	.0	0.0	0.0 ~
<																				>
Clos	e Time :	18:00:00	INR 0 - 20000	Г																
-																				

Closed 12 Jul 2012

## **Block Bid Concept**





## **DAM-Block Bid**



Fie	ie Control DAM View Tools Window Help								
ŀ,	Block BID								
	Delivery Date: 13 Jul 2012  Asset: INDIA  Participant:  NZDLOIEX0000  User:  IEX01  Profile:  Load								
В	D Area : * 📃 N 🛛	Portfolio :      N	20L0ABC0001	🔻 - ABC	<b>*</b> -	Fetch	Clear	Submit	
	BID	Standard/User	Block	From Period	To Period	Price	Quantity	Linked To	^
	E1	Standard	Day Off-Peak	11:00	17:00	2000	10.0		
	E2	User Defined Standard	Morning Reak	01:00	02:15	6000	25.0		
	D	Standard	morning reak	0730	1130	0000	-10.0		
Ľ	ose Time : 18:00:	00 INR 0 - 20000							
	-		_		-	-	-		

#### **Rules for bid linking**:

•A bid (bid B) can only be linked to one other bid (bid A)

•Both bid A and bid B must be of same type, i.e. sale-sale or purchase-purchase.

•Bid A and bid B can span any set of hours independently of each other

•Bid A and bid B can have any bid price independently of each other.

How to Use it ??

# Charges payable



- Delivery point for Buyers & Sellers is their respective **Regional Periphery**
- Buyer: All losses and charges from delivery point till Drawal Point
- Seller: All losses and charges from Injection point till Delivery Point



## **Concept of Market Splitting**

- Country is divided into 13 bid areas for the purpose of trading through Exchange
- In case of congestion when the required flow exceeds transfer capability, Exchange determines Area Clearing Price (ACP) specific to the bid area
- The price is reduced in the surplus bid area (sale > purchase) and increased in the deficit area (purchase > sale)







#### **Congestion Management : Market Splitting**



# Lowered Congestion and Price convergence in Regions



> With transmission augmentation, congestion has reduced.

Reduced congestion has increased reliability in sourcing power from exchanges

# TERM AHEAD MARKET





## **BID MATCHING**



## Open/Closed Auction

Orders accumulated during call phase (no matching)

Orders matched after call period

Orders are used for calculation common price i.e. Equilibrium Price.

All successful orders matched at Equilibrium Price.

## Continuous Trading

Price-time priority based continuous matching

The highest Buy order & lowest Sell order gets the priority

If the prices are same then priority is given to the time of the order received.

# **Contract Characteristics**





T = Trade

D = Delivery



## **Trading of Intra-day Contracts**





Contracts available for delivery on the same day

# Intra-day & DAC contracts with current trading system



Trading Date	Trading Time	Intra-Day contracts	Trading Time	DAC contracts
17-04-2019	00:30- 01:30	H5 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	01:30 - 02:30	H6 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	02:30 - 03:30	H7 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	03:30 - 04:30	H8 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	04:30 - 05:30	H9 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	05:30 - 06:30	H10 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	06:30 - 07:30	H11 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	07:30 - 08:30	H12 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	08:30 - 09:30	H13 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	09:30 - 10:30	H14 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	10 :30- 11:30	H15 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	11:30 - 12:30	H16 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	12 :30- 13:30	H17 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	13 :30- 14:30	H18 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	14 :30- 15:30	H19 to 24 (of 17-04)	15:00 to 21:30 (of 17-04)	H1 (of 18-04)
17-04-2019	15 :30- 16:30	H20 to 24 (of 17-04)	15:00 to 22:30 (of 17-04)	H2 (of 18-04)
17-04-2019	16 :30- 17:30	H21 to 24 (of 17-04)	15:00 to 23:00 (of 17-04)	H3 to 24 (of 18-04)
17-04-2019	17 :30- 18:30	H22 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	18 :30- 19:30	H23 to 24 (of 17-04)		
17-04-2019	19 :30- 20:30	H24 to 24 (of 17-04)		

### **Trading of Weekly & Daily Contracts**

Daily

SUNDAY	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30				







# **CLEARING AND SETTLEMENT**

# Clearing and Settlement (C&S) process:-

- C&S department acts as an internal clearing house to help with the receivables and payables of each trade on the Exchange.
- C&S department provides member exposure, collaterals management on a day to day basis to enable smooth trading on the Exchange.
- IEX adopted best practices while formulating prudent Margining systems. Members risk is monitored constantly. Some key risk management measures are:
  - Margins and Pay in are collected as per the settlement cycle to maintain the efficacy of risk management.
  - ✓ Margins are maintained by the Members on a gross basis (purchase) across clients of the exchange.
  - ✓ There is no offsetting of positions of different Clients of a Member in the same market.

### **Payment and Settlement**

Time Lines - Pay in / Pay out



### **Risk Management:**





• Each Member need to open a Settlement Account in a Clearing to settle its daily obligation , Margin and exchange related annual fees.

## Financial Risk:-Exposure to Member-Risk Mitigation through Margin Process

Value

0					
	Proprietary/Tra Meml	ding Licensee pers	Professional Members (client settlement a/c)		
	Initial Margin	Basis/Additiona I Margin	Initial Margin	Basis/Additional Margin	
Day-Ahead Market	Margin equal t Average of Bu	o Last 7 Days Jy turnover	As per Bank Balar Fact	nce less Hair Cut tor	
TAM-Intraday	105% of Trade Value	-	105% of Trade Value	-	
TAM-DAC	105% of Trade Value	-	105% of Trade Value	-	
TAM-Daily	5% of Trade Value	50% of Trade Value	5% of Trade Value	50% of Trade Value	
TAM-Weekly	5% of Trade Value	4 days Trade Value	5% of Trade Value	4 days Trade Value	
REC	100% of Trade	-	100% of Trade	-	

Value

# **Funds Management**



- Pay in / Pay out & Margins Processing transactions done through electronic interface between exchange & banks.
- All third party payments to NLDC/RLDCs and SLDCs are done electronically after taking confirmation from respective LDC with regard to their bank account details.
- Daily reconciliation of Member's/NTL clients funds obligation.
- Weekly reconciliation of charges with SLDC.
- Monthly reconciliation of charges with NLDC.
- Maker and Checker Process for any transaction.

#### 5. Increased competition- HHI for IEX transactions



- HHI below 0.01 (or 100) indicates a highly competitive index.
- HHI below 0.15 (or 1,500) indicates an un-concentrated index.
- HHI index between 0.15 to 0.25 (or 1,500 to 2,500) indicates moderate concentration.
- HHI index above 0.25 (above 2,500) indicates high concentration.

# CROSS BORDER ELECTRICTY TRADE INTERNATIONAL SCENARIO & SAARC STATUS

#### **Cross Border trade through Exchange**

- Globally, countries have harnessed the resources by integration of power markets to harness greater system reliability, optimization of investments and optimum utilization of resources across border.
- Most countries achieved efficient utilization of cross border transmission capacity and linking of the electricity markets of the neighboring companies through the Day Ahead Markets.
- <u>European Union (EU) established a single electricity market through Day Ahead</u> <u>Market across 28 countries. Similarly, South African Power pool (SAPP) integrated</u> <u>12 countries to form a common market offering Day-ahead contracts.</u>
- Cross Border transactions is expected to be much less compared to the surplus power in DAM. Therefore allowing cross border transaction cannot have any adverse impact on Indian markets.

# Cross Border Integration of European Market



# By 2015: North-West & South-West Europe coupled

- 19 Countries
- 75 % of Europe's energy
- 3000 BUs Consumption PA

#### **Benefits:**

- Price differences between each spot market are minimised, with convergence at times when there is sufficient capacity
- Capacity usage is optimized
- Perfect Market arbitrage
- Integrated market, higher security of supply through market integration

## **Evolution of Market Coupling in EU**

 Market Coupling is linking separate day-ahead markets using cross-border transmission capacities. It is conceptually similar to market-splitting being used internally for Day-ahead markets in India.



# Growth in Day Ahead Trade Volumes in EU

■CH ■BE ■NL ■UK ■FR ■DE/AT/LU



CH: Switzerland , BE: Belgium, NL: Netherlands, DE: Germany, AT: Austria, LU: Luxembourg

# Today: India trades ~2500 MW / ~13BUs with its neighboring countries in S Asia (Nepal, Bangladesh, Bhutan)





#### Bhutan

- <u>Power surplus</u>: Primarily hydro power; India purchases all surplus as per the **2006 Inter-Governmental Treaty**
- Total imports of ~1500 MW or 5.6 BUs; existing 1500 MW transmission capacity
- Seasonal generation, concentrated in May-Sept. period

#### Bangladesh

- <u>Power deficit</u>: Peak demand of ~13 GW and capacity of ~12 GW however, effective capacity of ~9GW (lack of gas )
- India exports 600 MW or 5.3 BUs, to meet B'desh's deficit
- 600 MW transmission capacity; expected to double in 5 years
- Power deficit situation to continue for next 10 years

#### Nepal

- <u>Power Deficit:</u> Instances of blackouts during dry seasons; expected
   to be surplus during monsoon in 5 years
- India financed hydro projects currently stuck owing to landacquisition challenges
- India exports 400MW or 1.8 BUs
- Transmission capacity to be expanded to 1000 MW (400 MW now)

#### Myanmar

- <u>Power surplus</u>: Internal demand is low due to **poor grid** connectivity within Myanmar – only 35% households connected to their main grid
- India exports 3 MW or 0.03 BUs; no inter-regional transmission

#### Sri Lanka

- Power sufficient, though costs are high due to expensive oil imports
- No power trade currently given lack of transmission capacity;
- 500 MW transmission capacity to come up by ~2030



# Guidelines on Cross Border Trade through Exchanges in India

- Guidelines issued by Ministry of Power: allows cross border trade through power exchange
- CERC notified Cross Border Trade of Electricity Regulations, 2019 on 8<sup>th</sup> March 2019.
- Trade Through Indian Power Exchanges:
  - Participating Entity of neighbouring Country can trade on Power Exchange only through Indian trading licensee.
  - For such trading, the trading licensee is required to take approval from Designated authority for specific quantum.
  - There is no restriction on the market i.e. DAM/TAM in which such transactions can be executed.
  - There is no restriction on IMPORTS into India through Power Exchange.
  - There is certain restriction on Indian exporters
    - Only Imported Coal, Hydro, Gas, RE plants allowed to export

## **CERC** Regulation

#### **Salient Features**

- Designated authority in India will grant approval for export or import of electricity to/from India.
- CBT shall be allowed through **mutual agreements** under the overall framework of agreements signed between India and the neighbouring country(ies).
- Tripartite agreements will also be allowed under the framework of bilateral agreements

#### > Tariff Determination

- For import/export: Either determined through competitive bidding or mutual agreement or government to government agreements.
- For import from Hydro Plant: CERC may determine tariff based on request of the entity of neighbouring country through its government.

#### Trade Through Indian Power Exchanges:

- Participating Entity of neighbouring Country can trade on Power Exchange only through Indian trading licensee.
- For such trading, the trading licensee is required to take approval from Designated authority for specific quantum.
- There is no restriction on the market i.e. DAM/TAM in which such transactions can be executed.
- There is no restrictions on import or export of power through Power Exchange

#### Transmission charges:

 PoC injection charges or withdrawal charges for delivery of electricity at the pooling station within India shall be governed as per provisions of Sharing Regulations.

## **CERC** Regulation

- Cross Border Transmission Link (CBTL) :
  - The CBTL to planned jointly by Transmission Planning Agencies of the two countries
  - Not form a part of the basic ISTS network for the determination of PoC charges under the Sharing Regulations.
  - A generating station in neighbouring country may develop and operate the dedicated transmission system from the generating station to the pooling station within India at its own cost.
- > Connectivity, Long Term Access, Medium Term Open Access and Short Term Open Access:
  - long-term access or medium-term open access shall be made to CTU
  - short-term open access through NLDC under Regulations with approval of DA.
- Scheduling:
  - Scheduling shall be carried out for each 15-minute time block.
  - Transmission System losses declared on weekly basis borne in kind by the buying/selling, as the case may be, as per the quantum
  - The respective party will inform their requisitions to the Settlement Nodal Agency.
  - SNA will co-ordinate with System Operators of respective neighbouring countries for scheduling of cross border transactions and revisions during the day of operation

#### Transmission Losses:

- Withdrawal PoC losses as applicable shall be applied at the interface.
- Injection PoC losses of respective injection grid shall be applied at the interface.
- Net schedule after applying injection PoC loss of the concerned injection zone and withdrawal PoC loss

## Draft conduct of Business Rules for Cross Border Trade of Electricity (1/2)

- Designated Authority (DA), CEA has proposed draft procedures for facilitating Cross Border trade of electricity on 26.04.2019.
- Salient features of the proposed Rules are as under:
- Objective:
  - 1. To grant approval to eligible entities to participate in Import/Export (Cross Border) of Electricity
  - 2. Approval of transmission links with the neighbouring country
- Approval of DA to participate in Import/Export (Cross Border) of Electricity:
- Approval of DA not required where the import/export is taking place under the Inter Government Agreement signed by India and neighbouring country for specific project.
- > Trading in Indian Power Exchange (PX):
  - Indian Trader trading in Day Ahead Market (DAM) in PX on behalf of Entity of neighbouring country require approval of DA for specific quantum and period.
  - To sell in other products (i.e. other than DAM) of Indian PX, requires to obtain approval from the DA as per Procedure for 'Export of electricity by Indian Entities'.
  - For other than DAM, PX to ensure that the buyer from neighbouring country is able to buy only from approved exporters of India.
  - Approval will be given for quantum of electricity (in MW) and time period.
  - Applicant to furnish PPA/LoI with the entity of neighbouring country for trade in Indian PX
  - The application should also have consent of respective government of the neighbouring country for allowing trade of power.

## Draft conduct of Business Rules for Cross Border Trade of Electricity (2/2)



#### Import of electricity by Indian Entities:

- Allowed from projects with permission to export power to India from the respective Government of the neighbouring country.
- Allowed from the generation projects located in neighbouring countries directly or through Government or Company, licensed for trading
- The Applicant shall submit a copy of PPA/LOI from generator of neighbouring country, for import of such power.

#### > Export of electricity by Indian Entities:

- Generating Companies/ Distribution Companies of India may export directly or through trading licensee(s) of India.
- Export of electricity generated from coal utilizing imported coal or spot e-auction coal or coal obtained from commercial mining is allowed.
- The Applicant to submit a copy of PPA)/LOI from entity of neighbouring country, for export of such power, except for those who intend to sell in other products of Indian PX (i.e. other than Day Ahead Market), where establishment of one-to-one transaction is possible.
- The trading licensees of India can apply for STOA to NLDC and MTOA/LTA to CTU for facilitating transfer of power from one neighbouring country to other neighbouring country through Indian Grid, provided it has approval from the DA (or Government of India) for such quantum of power during the period.
- The last date of comments is 15.5.2019

# WAY FORWARD FOR NEPAL

# Daily Load Curve – Peak and Base Load variation





#### **India-Nepal Transactions Potential**



- Exports during wet season
- Significant hydro power export possible
  - Thermal power support for load following
  - Dry season support



	Quantum	IR Link	
Bihar	250-300 MW	Bihar-Nepal (Bihar connections)	
DB Power	50 MW	East-Nepal	
GMR	25 MW	(Dhalkebar-M'pur line)	
Sembcorp Gayatri Power Ltd	120 MW		
Baglihar Hydroelectric Power Project	25 MW	North-Nepal (Tanakpur)	
Tanakpur HEP	70 MUs	,	

Presently, Bihar is supplying power to Nepal under consultation Power Exchange Committee

#### IEX Monthly Average Market Clearing Price (Rs./kWh)



### **INDIA NEPAL CONNECTIVITY**

#### Existing

- 13 cross border interconnections at 11kV, 33kV and 132 kV level through which Nepal draws power upto 240MW.
- 132 kV Tanakpur line
- Muzaffarpur(India) Dhalkebar(Nepal) 400kV D/c line (being operated at 132 kV.
   total up to 160 MW. Expected at rated voltage of 400 kV by December 2019 (power upto 600 MW can be exported)
- 132 kV Katiya Kusaha 2<sup>nd</sup> circuit and 132 kV Raxaul Parwanipur S/C Lines.
- (additional 100 MW can be exported)

#### Upcoming

- Joint Technical Team (JTT) of India and Nepal has prepared an integrated Master Plan for power evacuation from about 280 hydro projects in Nepal to India totaling to about 45GW installed capacity. Total eleven high capacity cross-border links have been identified to be implemented in phased manner till 2035.
- New Butwal (Nepal) New Gorakhpur (India) 400kV D/c (Quad) line is proposed to be implemented. (Feasibility report under preparation)

#### 15,800 MW by 2036-40



# Nepal Portfolio Management through Exchange

#### **Meeting Shortages**

- Buy Residual Requirement : when transmission margins are available and demand exits
- Economise when possible: Can buy when it's cheaper on IEX and replace costlier power through Bilateral trade to the extent of Contract conditions (~20% in case of 80% take-or-pay contracts)
- Leverage Value of Stored Water: Can leverage Storage, similar to Hydro rich state like HP etc., save water for generation in peak hours/ seasons etc.
- Cheaper Power : Exchange Prices are lowest during Nepal's peak season (Oct-Feb)

#### Selling Surplus

- Nepal Going forward will be surplus is wet season
- IEX will offer a very liquid platform to sell the surplus at competitive prices
- Nepal should implement concept of "Value of water" and try to commercially mange manage reservoirs

#### **High Liquidity**



Average Purchase Bid (MW) Average Sell Bid (MW) Average Cleared Bid (MW)

INDIAN ENERGY EXC

### New Bid Areas & Existing interconnection



NDIAN ENERGY EXCHANC











Follow us @IEXLtd



Use IEX Mobile Application to track prices



Register for Daily SMS alerts



Register for IEX Monthly Bulletin

## INDIA-NEPAL: MAJOR INTERCONNECTIONS

S. No	Connection Point	Present Import (MW)
1	Kusaha-Kataiya (132kV)	Around 200
2	Gandak - Ramnagar (132kV)	25
3	Tanakpur - Mahendranagar (132kV)	30
4	Kataiya (Bihar) - Rajbiraj (Nepal)(33kV)	7
5	Sitamari (Bihar)- Jaleshwor (Nepal) (33kV)	10
6	Raxaul (Bihar)- Birganj (Nepal) (33kV)	10
7	Jaynagar (Bihar) – Siraha (Nepal) (33kV)	7
8	Nanpara – Nepalgunj (33kV)	10

## Load Forecast: Nepal



Fiscal Years	Energy (MU)	Peak Load (MW)
2017-18	7,489	1,644
2018-19	8,391	1,842
2019-20	10,138	2,225
2020-21	12,017	2,638
2021-22	13,952	3,062
2022-23	15,332	3,365
2023-24	16,869	3,703
2024-25	18,579	4,078
2025-26	20,585	4,519
2026-27	22,826	5,011
2027-28	25,332	5,561
2028-29	28,111	6,171
2029-30	31,196	6,848

Source :NEA Annual Report 2017-18