



South Asia Regional Initiative for Energy Integration (SARI/EI)

Theme Presentation Session -III

Investments in Infrastructure for Cross Border Projects: Catalyzing Private Investments and Mitigating risks

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Outline

- Investment Requirement in Electricity in South Asia.
- key risk and Challenges associated with Investment and Financing for CBET Projects and mitigation measures.
- SARI/EI research study on Regional Investment Framework and Guidelines for promoting investment in South Asia Power Sector and in CBET Projects.
- Suggested Investment Guidelines
- Points for Discussions







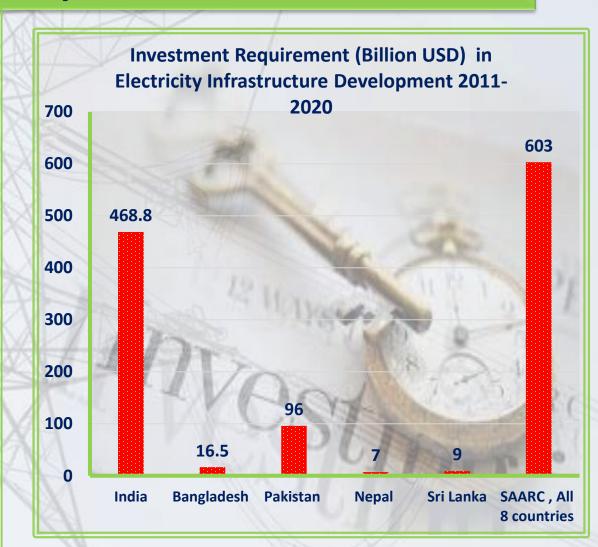
Investment Requirement in Electricity in South Asia





Investment Requirement in Electricity in South Asia 2020

- ✓ South Asia is one of the fastest growing regions in the world.
- ✓ As per world bank estimates, SA countries needs to invest in the range of USD 1.7 trillion to USD 2.5 trillion(2011-2020) to bring its power grids, roads, water supplies up to the stranded needed to serve the population.
- ✓ Total investment of **USD 603 billion** is required for SAARC countries for Electricity Infrastructure development.
- ✓ Bangladesh, India, Nepal, Pakistan and Sri Lanka are expected to invest around US\$ 16.5 Billion, US\$ 468.8 Billion, US\$ 7billion, US\$ 96 Billion and US\$ 9 Billion respectively by 2020.







South Asian Power Sector-Investment Requirement for the 2015-2040 Period

Investment Requirement for the 2015-2040 Period (Billion US\$)

South Asia is projected to require 1,390 billion US\$ for expanding electricity generation from 2015-2040 period (to increase to 750 GW of generation capacity).

Already committed and planned inter-grid connection, especially within India would require around 29 billion US\$.

Country	Investment (Generation)	Investment (Interconnection)
Afghanistan	16.36	0.18
Bangladesh	105.12	0.63
Bhutan	32.08	0.54
India	929.67	27.93
Nepal	10.75	0.00
Pakistan	276.96	0.00
Sri Lanka	18.67	0.00
Total	1,390	29

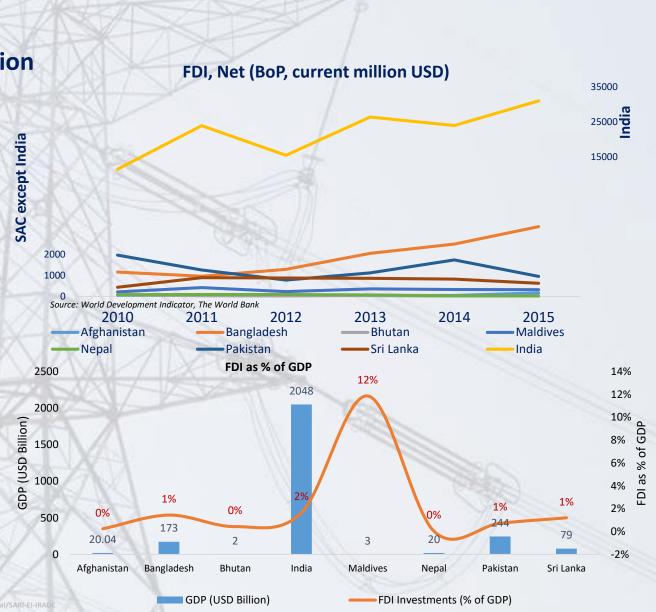
Source: https://openknowledge.worldbank.org/handle/10986/22224

Investment Scenario in South Asia

Foreign Direct Investments have been low in the region

 The region witnessed mixed trends in net FDI inflow across countries during the period 2010-15

- ➤ Bangladesh (23%) had one of the highest growth in FDI inflows followed by India
- India has the highest share of FDI inflow in absolute terms followed by Bangladesh
- Remaining countries contribute less than 10% to the net FDI inflows in the region
- The FDI contribution to the overall GDP is well below 2% for all the countries in the region except for Maldives









key Challenges and Risks associated with Investment and Financing for CBET Projects and Mitigation Measures

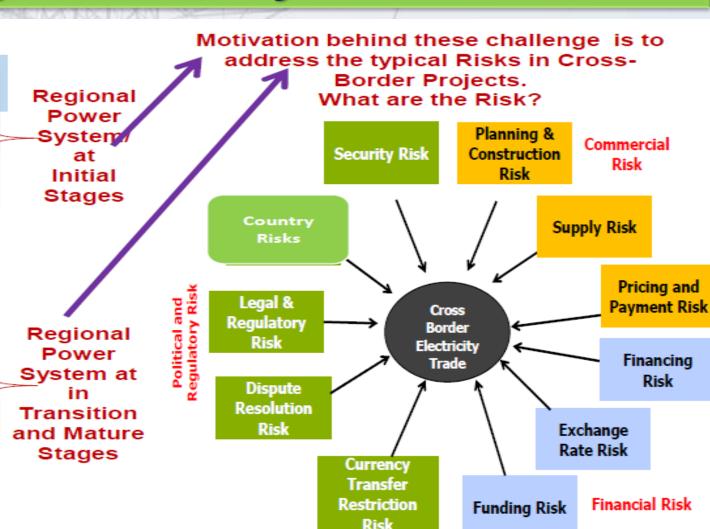




Key Challenges & risks for CBET

Key Challenges

- Political Conesus : Regional Cooperation and Recognition of CBET/Trade in the National Policy, Law
- 2. Government Commitment & Policy Coordination
- 3. Financial Challenges, Investment , Financial Viability
- 4. Mechanism of Inter-connection
- 5. Market form of Trade
- Regional Cooperation on Regulatory and Contractual Aspects
- 7. Open Access in Transmission
- 8. Transmission Charges/Pricing
- 9. Transmission Plan
- 10.Commercial Mechanisms to Settle Imbalances
- 11. Dispute Resolution









SARI/EI research study on Regional Investment Framework and Guidelines for promoting investment in South Asia Power Sector and in CBET Projects





SARI/EI study on Regional Investment Framework

 To develop investment framework and policy guidelines for regional investment framework for South Asia power sector and CBET

Review **the current investment scenario and trends** in South Asian Power Sector with focus on Cross Border Electricity Trade Projects

Propose an investment framework and policy guidelines for regional investment framework and regional policy guidelines

Review the power sector investment related policies, guidelines, regulations and frameworks covering environment, Land Acquisition, FDI, R & R etc. prevailing in each South Asian Countries (SACs) country for impact on regional power & CBET Projects

Focus **on energy resources development** particularly relating to Hydro power resource and associated transmission infrastructure (including Cross Border Transmission Links)

Analyze **the international best practices** on investment policies / guidelines/regulations including innovative mechanisms

Develop a regional investment framework and regional investment policinguidelines to promote investments in South Asian power sector







SARI/EI Suggested Investment Guidelines





SARI/EI Suggested Investment Guidelines

- Regional CBET investment facilitation forum
- •Designate or set up a regional CBET investment forum to act as a facilitator
- ·Project identification and prioritization, coordination of CBET investments
- •Mobilize MFIs for low interest financing options and facilitate financial closure.
- Promote policy, regulatory and market instruments for mobilizing investments
- Enactment of policies/laws for promoting investment in CBET.
- Provision for Dispute resolution through regional framework
- ·Harmonize tax incentives and other benefits across the region
- ·Harmonize regulations, grid operation, pricing, energy accounting, standards etc.
- •To create forum association of electricity regulators for cross cutting of regulations
- Managing country risk & project development risks
- •To develop guidelines for mitigating political risks such as expropriation, war etc.
- •Regional Investment guidelines, leveraging Instruments available with MFIs like MIGA
- Legal safeguards for contract enforcement
- Standard PPAs
- Fast track project approvals and clearances
- •To provide single window clearance for necessary approvals and licenses
- •Government to provide support for issue related to land, environment and R&R etc.





Suggested Investment Guidelines

- Facilitating
 development of
 hydropower
 projects and
 associated
 infrastructure
- To work for minimizing off-take risk and providing payment security mechanism for hydro projects
- Tap the green energy funds for hydropower projects and MDB funds
- •Regulatory incentives to address tariff issues to improve competitiveness of hydro vis-à-vis other resources.
- Upfront tariff to minimize lenders risk.
- Develop Public Private Partnership (PPP) frameworks for regional projects
- Harmonization in financial regulations and institutional capacity building
- Harmonizing of regulatory requirements for mobilizing investments within the region and overseas
- Support the development of capital markets in the region for mobilizing long term debt funding.
- Support investor friendly FDI policies
- Institutional strengthening and capacity building of institutions in the member countries
- Promote regional investment and protection arrangements
- •International and bilateral treaties and investment protection to support investments







Points for Discussions

- How to accelerate the development of hydro power and mobilisation of investment in power/energy sector?
- What are the innovative market instruments/ financing mechanisms?
- Role of Government for fast track development ?
- Concerns of Lender, private power project developers?
- Role of Private sector, Public private partnerships, Joint Ventures etc. ?
- Need of South Asia Regional Investment Facilitation Forum?







Thank You