





South Asia Regional Initiative for Energy Integration (SARI/EI)

Over view of South Asian Power Sector

SARI/EI Program

Regional Conference on Energy cooperation & Integration in South Asia 30th-31st Auigust'2018, Hotel Le Meridien, New Delhi



















Overview of South Asia Power Sector

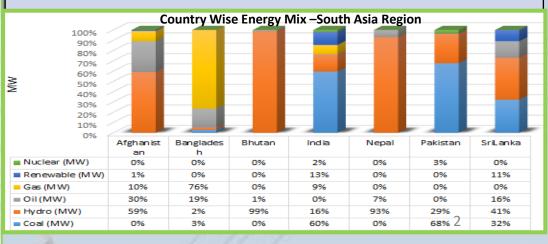
South Asia Installed Capacity: 3,94,140 MW (approx.)

- Afghanistan: Small Power system(1341 MW), Electricity Imports high, Hydro Dominated.
- Bhutan: Small Power system (1614 mw) Hydro dominated, Surplus Hydro, Exporting to India
 - Bangladesh: Gas Dominated, Resource Constraints, Imports Electricity from India and in future will remain as a Importing Country.
 - India: Very Large Power System, Coal Dominated, reducing deficits, long terms electricity demand are huge and potential large market, Electricity importing and exporting nation.
- Nepal: very Small Power system (765 MW), Hydro based, very high deficits, Importing Electricity from India, Potential exporter and importer of electricity.
- Sri Lanka: hydro dominated but the fuel mix is changing, no trading at present,

 High peak demand.

| Country | Installed Capacity (MW) |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| Afghanistan | 1341 |
| Bhutan | 1,614 |
| Bangladesh | 16,046 |
| India | 345495 |
| Nepal | 765 |
| Sri Lanka | 4050 |
| Pakistan | 24,829 |
| Total | 394140 |
| | |

Source: Compiled form various sources PGCB, DGPC,CEA,Annual Report NEA, Status of Industry Report NEPRA, Task Force 1 Report IRADe Report on CBET in South Asia: Challenges and investment oppoutinuties, etc.







Resource Potential: Hydro Potential: 350 GW!

- √ Vast potential of hydro power:350 GW
- ✓ Bhutan, Nepal, Pakistan, India: 30,83, 59, 150 GW respectively.
- ✓ Nepal and Bhutan can build export oriented hydro power plants
- ✓ Significant Coal deposits in India and Pakistan.
- ✓ Coal deposits in Bangladesh yet to be exploited.
- ✓ In addition to the conventional energy resources, there is huge renewable energy resources like solar and wind.

| | Coal (million | Oil (million | Natural Gas (trillion cubic | Biomass | Hydro |
|-------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------|
| Country | tons) | barrels) | feet) | (million tons) | (GW) |
| Afghanistan | 440 | NA | 15 | 18–27 | 25 |
| Bhutan | 2 | 0 | 0 | 26.6 | 30 |
| Bangladesh | 884 | 12 | 8 | 0.08 | 0.33 |
| India | 90,085 | 5,700 | 39 | 139 | 150 |
| Maldives | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.06 | 0 |
| Nepal | NA | 0 | 0 | 27.04 | 83 |
| Pakistan | 17,550 | 324 | 33 | NA | 59 |
| Sri Lanka | NA | 150 | 0 | 12 | 2 |
| Total | 108,961 | 5,906 | 95 | 223 | 349.33 |

| ı, | | | | | | | |
|----|---------------------|--------------|---------|-----------|---------|----------|-----------|
| ı | Renewables | Bangladesh | India | Nepal | Bhutan | Pakistan | Sri Lanka |
| ı | Solar Power | 3.8 - 6.5 | 4 - 7 | 3.6 - 6.2 | 2.5 - 5 | 5.3 | NA |
| | (Kwh/sq. m per day) | 408/61 | | | | | |
| ı | Wind (MW) | Very limited | 151,918 | 3,000 | 4,825 | 24,000 | 25,000MW |
| ı | | potential | | | | | |



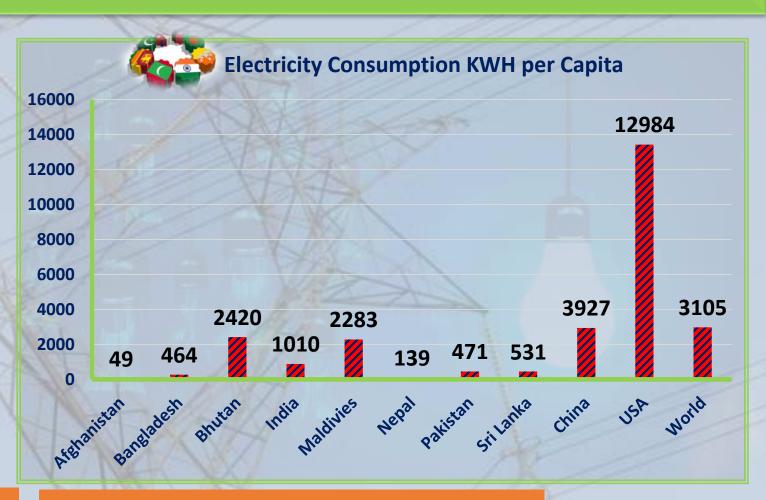






Per Capita Electricity Consumption

| Country/ Region | Electricity Use kWh/capita/yr |
|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| SAARC | 576 |
| USA | 12984 |
| EU | 6,592 |
| BRAZIL | 2,206 |
| MALAYASIA | 3,614 |
| CHINA | 3927 |
| WORLD | 3105 |



Low per Capita electricity consumptions

Access to electricity

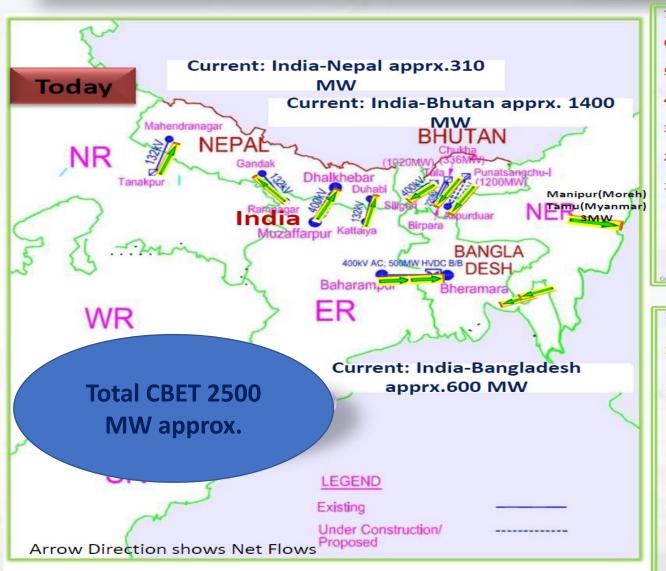
Optimal utilization of energy resources.

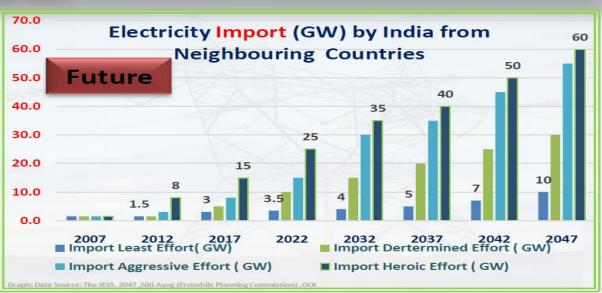
Economic benefits.

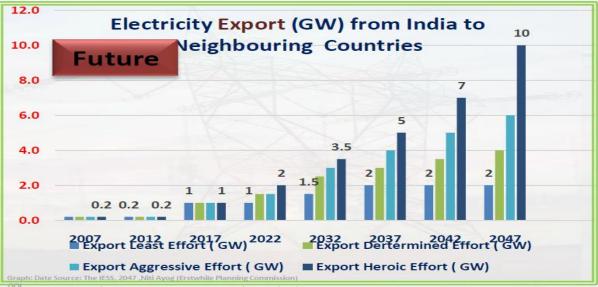




Current Status of Cross Border Electricity Trade (CBET) and Future Trading Scenarios











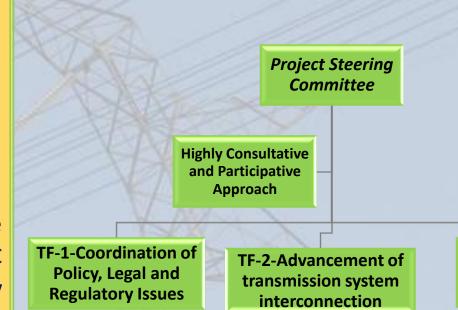
TF-3-South Asian

Regional Electricity

Market

SARI/EI: Overview & Framework

- > Long standing program of USAID started in the year 2000
- > SARI/EI-Phase IV (2012-2018):
 - 1. Coordinate policy, legal and regulatory issues.
 - 2. Advance transmission interconnections.
 - 3. Establish South Asia Regional Electricity Markets
- Project Steering Committee (PSC) is the apex body of the program and provides overall strategic directions. PSC members consist of Senior level officials from the country governments, SAARC, ADB, Independent Energy Experts/Diplomats.
- Task Forces are represented by Government Nominated members of level of Directors/Chief Engineers/Members etc. from Utilities, Regulators, planners, Power Exchanges of SA countries.



➤TF1: Coordination of Policy, Legal and Regulatory issues



>TF-2: Advancement of transmission system interconnection

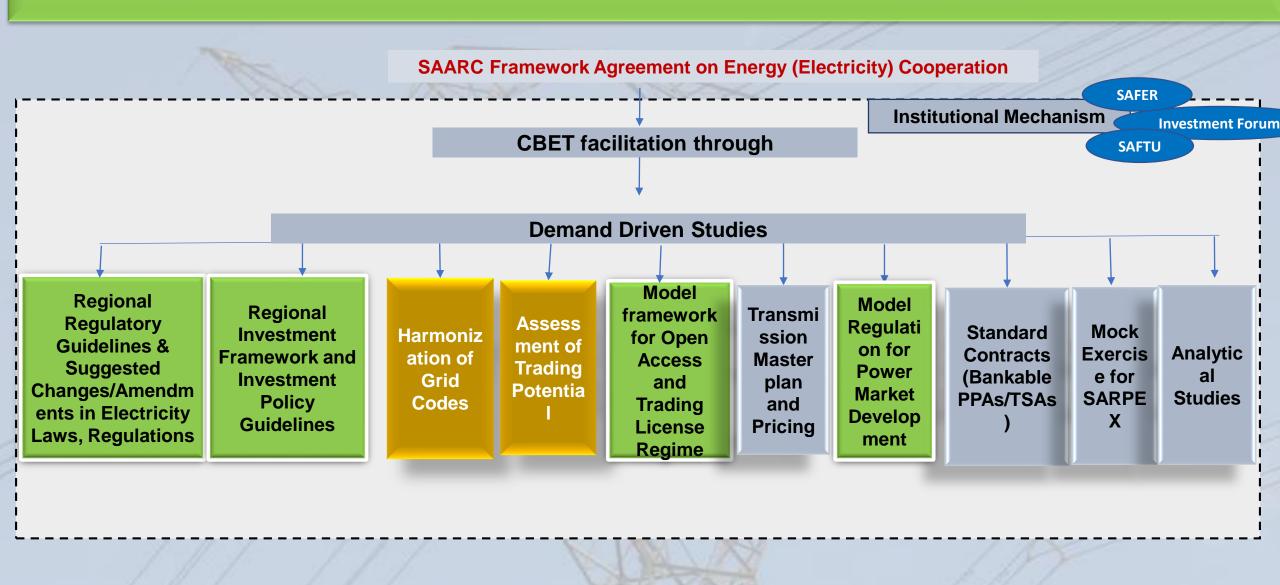


➤ TF 3: South Asian Regional Electricity

Market



SARI/EI Overall Framework for development of CBET in SA



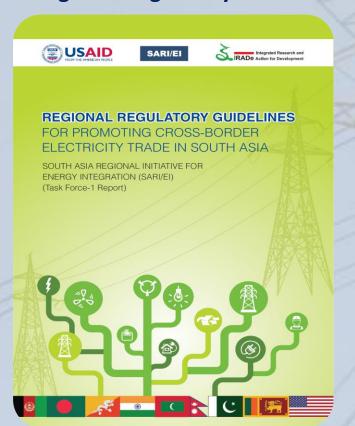






Key Research Studies/Reports on Policy, Regulatory and Legal Harmonization/Coordination in South Asia

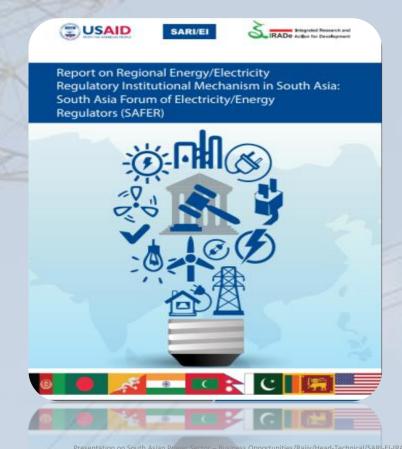
Regional Regulatory Guidelines



Suggested Changes/Amendments in Electricity Laws/Regulations/Policies



South Asia-South Asia Forum of Energy/Electricity Regulators (SAFER)



http://irade.org/IRADe-SARI-EI-Regional%20Regulatory-Guidelines%20(July%202015)-.pdf

tp://www.irade.org/TF-1%20Report_Suggested%20Changes_Amendments_in%20Electricity%20Laws,%20Regulations%20and%20Policies%20of%20SAC%20for%20Promoting%20CBET%20In%20SA%20Region-Rajiv.pdf







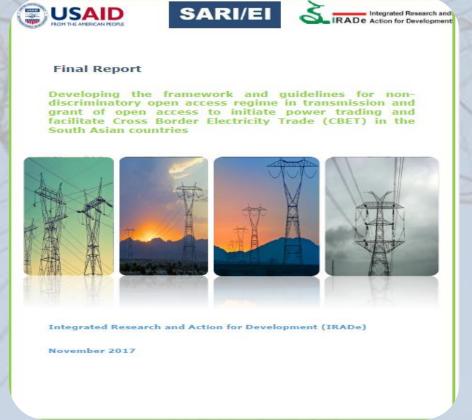
Key Research Studies/Reports on Policy, Regulatory and Legal Harmonization/Coordination in South Asia

Regional Investment Framework

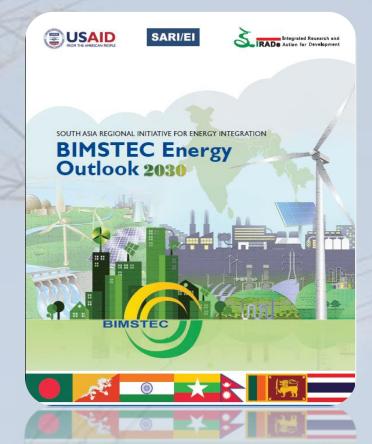


http://irade.org/SARI-EI-Report-on-BIMSTEC-Energy-Outlook-2030.pdf

Open Access and Trading License Model Framework



BIMSTEC Energy Outlook-2030

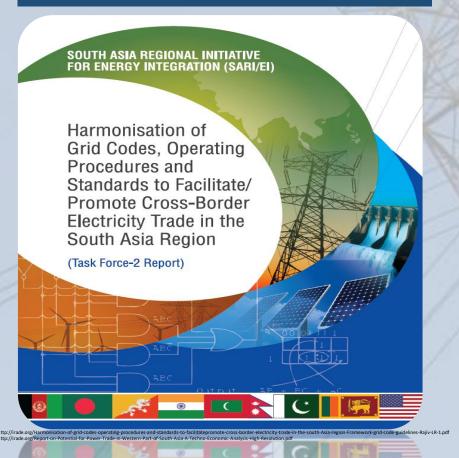




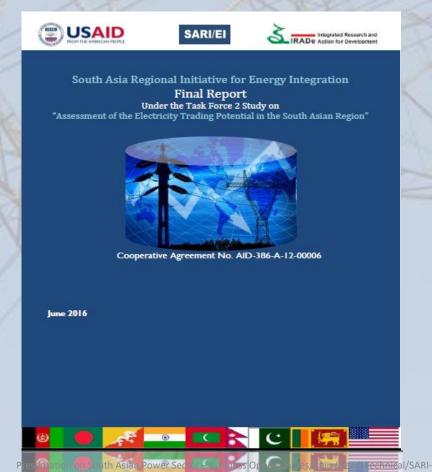


Key Research Studies/Reports on Transmission Interconnection in South Asia

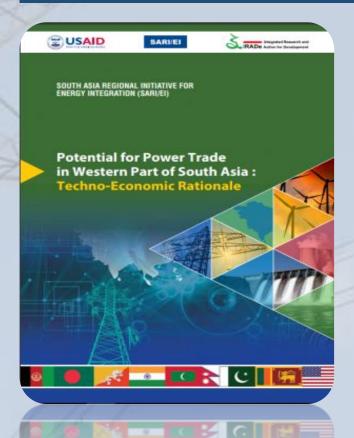
Harmonization of Grid codes, operating procedures and Standards for promoting CBET in South Asia



Assessment of Power Trading Potential by 2034



Potential for Power Trade in Western part of South Asia-Techno-economic Rationale





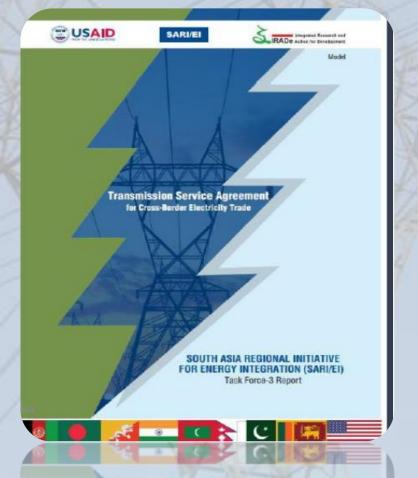


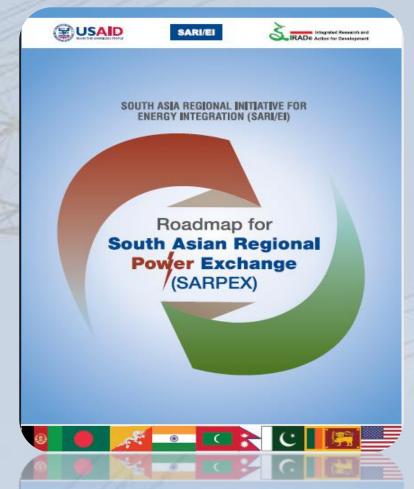


Key Research Studies/Reports on Regional Power Market in South Asia

Model Power Purchase Agreements Model Transmission Service Agreements Report on South Asia Regional Power Exchange











Key Impacts Milestone Achieved in South-Asian Region CBET since 2012-13

| 2017-18 | 2016-17 | 2015-16 | 2014-15 | 2013-14 | 2012-13 |
|---|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|---|
| interconnection expected to be signed 500 MW of Additional Power Export to Bangladesh from India is expected | NERC act Passed National Transmission Plans are updated with CBET Increase of 1000 MW of | (India)- Comilla (Banglades | agreement on energy (electricity | India- Nepal Power Trade Agreement Signed | India- Bangladesh 500 MW HVDC link commissioned |
| | | 1) | | | Raiiv/Head-Technical/SARI-FI-IRADF |







Our Strong Relationship in South Asia

- **✓ SAARC Secretariat**
- **✓ SAARC Energy Centre**
- **✓ SAARC Chamber of Commerce**
- ✓ South Asia Forum of Infrastructure Regulations
- **✓ BIMSTEC Secretariat**
- ✓ Secretary , Joint Secy. Of Ministry of power and Energy of SA countries
- ✓ Heads/Chief Engineer/Directors of the Power utilities.
- **✓ Regulatory Commissions**
- ✓ MDBs such as ADB, AIIB.
- **✓ Private Sector, Think Tank**









Way Forward

Implementation of Intergovernmental Framework Regional/bilateral Agreement/Treaties.

To take forward coordination of regulations by creating a common platform/institution/association/forum/working group in the South Asia Region

For Coordinated Transmission Planning, Operational aspects, to create technical institutional mechanism such as Forum/Association of Transmission utilities and system operators in the Region.

For Investment facilitation, to create Regional Investment Facilitation Forum/Association and also Regional Dispute Resolution Institutional Mechanism.

Need to promote development of Hydro Power and Renewable Energy, being clean, renewable, helps in reduction of CO2 emission, load balancing etc.

Financial Viability of power sector to be improved to sustain CBET in long run

