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Value of Solar Analysis for Jharkhand: VoS Lite, a Simplified Approach

Presentation for the Jharkhand State Electricity Regulatory Commission
June 2020



Overview

- Meeting in Ranchi to present preliminary Value of Solar analysis results in February 2020
 - The energy value of solar analysis based on PLEXOS, a proprietary software
- Outcome of the meeting was for the NREL/LBNL team to produce a simplified analysis: VoS Lite
 - Allow JSERC staff to follow principles behind value of solar
 - Excel based, transparent methods
- NREL/LBNL with USAID team developed two methods which would approximate the energy value of solar
 - IEX method: Using India Energy Exchange data to estimate today's marginal energy value of solar
 - Generation stack: Using data on available generation to estimate marginal energy value of solar

Review: Value of Solar

- The VoS analysis seeks to calculate the net benefits and costs distributed PV (DPV) provides to the power system
 - Changes based on where the system is located, power system conditions and at what times the system exports into the grid
- Providing DPV customers with more granular and cost-reflective compensation can incentivize deployments in areas where DPV can be most beneficial as well as promoting more ‘grid-friendly’ operation of these systems
- Values estimated include:
 - Energy (offset fuel costs due to reduced conventional generation)
 - Generating Capacity (offset generation capacity investments)
 - Transmission Capacity (reduce the need for new transmission investments)
 - Environmental (reduce air pollution from conventional generation)
 - Avoided Losses (reduce system losses by meeting demand closer to customer load)

PLEXOS vs. Simplified Analyses

- PLEXOS enables a value of solar analysis based on long-term modeling
 - Considers future changes in electricity generation mix
 - Considers Jharkhand as node within the Indian grid
 - Considers transmission constraints
- VoS Lite
 - Excel-based analyses
 - Based on available empirical data for Jharkhand (for 2019-2020)
 - Can be updated regularly without access to specialized software
 - Does not take into account future changes in the electricity generation mix, specifically as it is related to conventional generation and non-solar renewables
 - Considers Jharkhand as a single node and doesn't allow for transmission or distribution value of solar calculations

VoS Lite Method #1: IEX method

- IEX provides 15-min and hourly prices for bid areas over several years
- Price represents cost of purchasing volumes of energy DISCOMS may need to buy/purchase on the margin
 - Due to outages, higher-than-expected demand, transmission constraints, ramping limitations
- Injections from rooftop solar can be assumed to either **reduce the need to purchase from the IEX** or to **increase energy available to sell on the IEX**
 - IEX prices represent marginal energy value from rooftop systems
- Hourly data from IEX used with solar generation data to determine average energy value for solar generation
- Energy value of solar cannot be determined with much higher levels of solar generation
 - IEX prices are likely to drop from their current levels during the hours when PV generates, but this method cannot account for this

VoS Lite Method #2: Generation Stack

- Data on the generations fleet's variable costs and hourly demand data can be used to estimate the marginal generator each hour
 - Assuming DISCOMs dispatch generators to meet load according to their merit order
 - Need data on in-state and out-of-state generation available for Jharkhand to meet load requirements
- Costs associated with the marginal generator during hours of solar production represent energy value
- Allows energy value estimate at higher levels of solar on grid
 - Can determine cost savings with all generators displaced by solar as one moves down generation supply stack

Review process and comments received

- Review with Ann Josey and Ashwin Gambhir from Prayas
 - Developing capacity expansion and dispatch model with Prof. Ranjit Deshmuk from University of California – SB
- Comments:
 - Agree with approach of using IEX data (E1 bid area)
 - Important to consider imports for Jharkhand
 - Best sources of data from SLDC (inter-state procurement and variable cost estimates for each generator)
 - Could consider transmission constraints
 - Historical focus for IEX

Other value elements



Generating Capacity

Avoided costs when utilities do not procure for demand that is met with DPV energy

Avoided costs when DISCOMs do not need to procure capacity to meet *peak* demand that can be *reliably* met with DPV exports

Transmission Capacity

~~Benefits from reduced congestion due to DPV exports or the ability of DPV to reduce the need for new transmission capacity~~

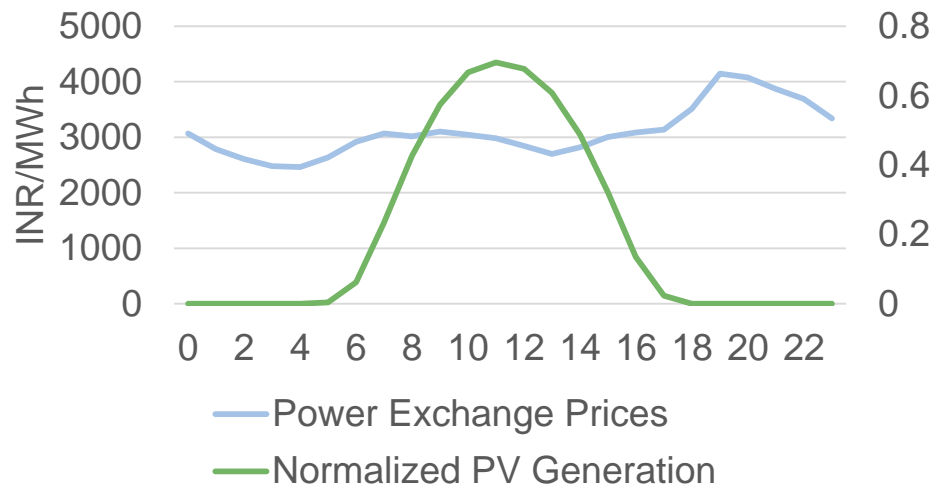
Environmental

Societal, health or environmental benefits due to DPV exports offsetting generation from more polluting energy sources

All values scaled up by appropriate average distribution and transmission losses

IEX Results: Energy value

- Average IEX prices during PV generation



- Excel based – simple to download data and calculate energy value
- 2019 energy value = 2,949 INR/MWh

IEX method: What can results be used for?

- Determining energy value (and total value) using IEX prices provides estimate for **current value of existing fleet of rooftop solar**
 - Does not consider higher solar levels
 - Not accurate for future projections as historical data is used
- How can JSERC use IEX method?
 - Capacity building tool
 - Net metering impact evaluation and understanding financial impacts of net metering on utility or ratepayers as of 2020
 - Used to determine whether net metering policies should be continued in near term

Generation stack methodology

- Excel-based spreadsheet calculation has been developed
- Though the required data was not located, the methods have been implemented in the spreadsheet
 - Specifically, data on in-state and out-of-state generators available for electricity production in Jharkhand (heat rates and capacity each hour)

Discussion and next steps

- Sharing methods and analysis
 - IEX method
 - Created framework in Excel for “generation stack” method
 - Capacity value of solar Excel modeling
- Discussing how this analysis can be used to evaluate financial impacts of current net metering program
- Scoping further engagements
 - Potentially with on-site partners

Thank you

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